	Industry	Number of Estab- lishments with Value of Shipments of \$1,000,000 or Over	Percentage of Total Estab- lishments in the Industry	Percentage of Total Value of Shipments in the Industry
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 9 20 21 22	Miscellaneous machinery and equipment manufacturers Metal stamping, pressing and coating industry Printing and publishing. Bakeries. Motor vehicle parts and accessories manufacturers. Aircraft and parts manufacturers. Fruit and vegetable canners and preservers. Butter and cheese plants. Feed manufacturers. Men's clothing factories. Breweries.	73 59 70 47 27 69 58 55 69 71	$\begin{array}{c} 25.2\\ 16.7\\ 7.8\\ 2.8\\ 37.3\\ 33.8\\ 20.6\\ 6.3\\ 5.7\\ 14.1\\ 11.2\\ 77.8\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 79.1 \\ 78.6 \\ 80.5 \\ 92.9 \\ 95.8 \\ 81.1 \\ 40.7 \\ 52.3 \\ 56.0 \\ 39.3 \\ 97.8 \end{array}$
23 24 25	Communications equipment manufacturers Synthetic textile mills Cotton yarn and cloth mills.	35 37	28.0 66.1 79.5	89.2 96.6 98.6

## 20.—Number and Relative Importance of Establishments each with Selling Value of Factory Shipments of \$1,000,000 or Over in the 25 Leading Industries, 1961—concluded

## Section 5.—The Federal Department of Industry

The Department of Industry was established July 25, 1963 by Act of Parliament (SC 1963, c. 3). The duties and powers of the Minister of Industry under the Act include all matters relating to manufacturing industries in Canada over which the Parliament of Canada has jurisdiction not assigned to any other branch or agency of the Government. The Department is responsible for fostering the establishment, growth, efficiency and improvement of manufacturing industries by programs: (1) to assist the adaptation of manufacturing industries to changing conditions in domestic and export markets and to changes in the techniques of production; (2) to assist manufacturing industries that require special measures to develop an unrealized potential or to cope with exceptional problems of adjustment; and (3) to promote the development and use of modern industrial technology in Canada and improve the effectiveness of participation by the Government of Canada in industrial research. In addition, the Department programs to assist economic development in designated areas. In all of its activities, the Department of Industry works in the closest possible liaison with representatives of industry and with the provincial governments.

The establishment of the Department of Industry formally recognized the importance of secondary industry to the over-all economy of Canada. The Department is the representative and spokesman in the Government for Canada's secondary industries.

Branches.—Each of the ten Branches of the Department has a special responsibility for dealing with matters relating to a specific sector of manufacturing and each is directly concerned with industrial development and government procurement. The Aircraft Branch is concerned with the aircraft industry development and expansion; the Chemicals Branch is concerned with industrial development and government procurement of chemical, petroleum, plastic and rubber products; the Clothing and Textiles Branch with the primary textiles, clothing and leather industries; the Electrical and Electronics Branch with the development and expansion of programs to widen the base of electrical and electronic manufacturing; the Food Products Branch with the development of food industries including fruits, vegetables, meat products, confectionery and beverages as well as cereals and prepared foods; the Machinery Branch with industrial development of machinery, mechanical